

# **Court-Annexed Mediation**

# Rules of Procedures & Forms

# Bhutan National Legal Institute Thimphu, Bhutan

#### **Preamble**

Whereas Article 21(1) of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Bhutan 2008 (Constitution) mandates the Judiciary to safeguard, uphold, and administer justice fairly and independently without fear, favour, or undue delay in accordance with the Rule of Law to inspire trust and confidence and to enhance access to justice;

And whereas Section 168 of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of Bhutan 2013 (ADR Act) empowers the parties to pursue negotiated settlement at any stage of the court proceedings;

And whereas Section 30 of the CCPC (Amendment) Act 2021 empowers the Supreme Court to make rules and regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Code;

And whereas the President of the Bhutan National Legal Institute and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Bhutan directed the Institute to frame Rules of Procedures for the referral of the civil cases by the courts as well as opting for the court-annexed mediation services by the parties.

*Wherefore*, the Institute has framed the following Rules of Procedures to regulate and guide the operation of the Court-Annexed Mediation Units and management of disputes which come before the Units.

#### 1. Short title

1.1. These rules will be referred to as the Rules of Procedures for the Court-Annexed Mediation of the Judiciary of the Kingdom of Bhutan 2019.

#### 2. Definition

- 2.1. In these rules unless the context indicates otherwise:
  - (a) 'Alternative dispute resolution' means a process, in which an independent and impartial person assists parties to attempt to resolve the dispute between them, either before or after commencement of litigation;

#### Court-Annexed Mediation

- (b) 'Dispute' means the subject matter of litigation between the parties or an aspect thereof;
- (c) 'Jabmi' means a legal representative of the parties;
- (d) 'Litigant' means a party to litigation;
- (e) 'Litigation' means a process of taking legal action in the court of law;
- (f) 'Mediation' means the process by which a third party, a mediator, assists the parties to resolve the dispute between them by facilitating discussions between the parties, assisting them in identifying issues, clarifying priorities, exploring areas of compromise and generating options in an attempt to solve the dispute;
- (g) 'Mediator' means a person selected, by the parties or by the Court, to mediate a dispute between the parties.

#### 3. Objectives

- 3.1. The main objectives of Court-Annexed Mediation are to:
  - (a) Enhance access to justice;
  - (b) Promote restorative justice;
  - (c) Preserve relationships between litigants which may become strained or destroyed by the adversarial nature of litigation;
  - (d) Facilitate an expeditious and cost-effective resolution of dispute between the litigants; and
  - (e) Strengthen community vitality and enhance the Gross National Happiness.

#### 4. Application

- 4.1. These rules shall apply to:
  - (a) Referral of dispute to the Court-Annexed Mediation Unit (CAMU) by a Judge after the commencement of litigation but prior to the pronouncement of judgment; and
  - (b) The voluntary submission of dispute to the Court-Annexed Mediation Unit by the parties after commencement of litigation but prior to judgment.

#### 5. Establishment of Court-Annexed Mediation Unit

- 5.1. There shall be a Court-Annexed Mediation Unit established in all the Courts of Bhutan for the purpose of effective delivery of the mediation services in the Judiciary.
- 5.2. The Unit shall operate under the administration of a particular Court.

#### 6. Referral to Mediation

- 6.1. A civil case may be referred to mediation:
  - (a) By any party after commencement of litigation but prior to judgment. Such stipulation shall be incorporated into the Order of Referral; or
  - (b) By a judge at any time after the commencement of litigation if a judge believes that there is good reason for doing so, with the consent of the parties.
- 6.2. All civil cases shall be considered appropriate for referral to mediation in the discretion of the court, giving consideration to such facts as the subject matter of the case, the amount in controversy, the complexity of the case, the number of parties, the interest of the parties in pursuing mediation, the availability of mediation, and the likelihood of settlement by mediation.

#### 7. Duties of the judge prior to referral of cases to CAMU

- 7.1. The judge shall explain to all the parties the purpose of alternative dispute resolution, the meaning, objectives and benefits of mediation, including costs, time and relationships.
- 7.2. The judge shall inform the parties that they may be assisted by Legal Representatives/Jabmis of their choice at their own cost.
- 7.3. The judge shall instruct the Registrar of the Court to conclude the consent to mediate, and accordingly, forward to the mediator:
  - (a) Order of Referral;
  - (b) A copy of consent to mediate;
  - (c) Copies of all the documents that the parties have submitted to the Court except the copy of evidence and witness testimonies.

#### 8. Procedures for referral to mediation by litigants

- 8.1. Any party may, after the commencement of trial but prior to judgment, request the Court to refer the dispute to mediation.
- 8.2. Upon motion of the party, an Order of Referral may be entered by the Court pursuant to Rule 8(3) of these Rules.
- 8.3. Following the entry of an Order of Referral, the parties shall participate in the Court-Annexed Mediation as set forth in these Rules.
- 8.4. The mediators and the parties are duty bound to abide by the terms and conditions set out in the Order of Referral.
- 8.5. The Court shall adjourn the proceedings in accordance with Section 168 of the ADR Act during the course of mediation.

#### 9. Procedures for referral to mediation by the Court

- 9.1. The Court may, during the commencement of any hearing but before judgment, direct the parties to submit to mediation and refer the dispute to the Court-Annexed Mediation Unit.
- 9.2. At any stage of the judicial proceedings, if the parties consent, they may request the Court to refer the dispute to the Court-Annexed Mediation Unit.
- 9.3. The Judge may then refer the matter pending before the Court to Court-Annexed Mediation Unit by entering an Order of Referral vide Rule 8(3) of these Rules.
- 9.4. Following the entry of an Order of Referral, the parties shall participate in the Court-Annexed Mediation as set forth in these Rules.
- 9.5. The mediators and the parties shall abide by the terms and conditions set out in the Order of Referral.
- 9.6. The Court shall adjourn the proceedings in accordance with Section 168 of the ADR Act during the mediation of disputes.

#### 10. Conduct of mediation session

- 10.1. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the first mediation session shall be held within 5 days of the date of entry of the Order of Referral.
- 10.2. When the date, time and place of the initial mediation session have been agreed upon, the mediator shall send written confirmation of the date, time and place to all parties as well as of any other requirements of the mediation.
- 10.3. At least 3 days prior to the commencement of the mediation session, if the parties have not submitted any written documents to the Court, each party shall present to the mediator a legal brief, written summary of the dispute containing a list of issues as to each party, unless the mediator has requested a different procedure to be followed.

#### Court-Annexed Mediation

- 10.4. The summary shall include the facts, issues, opinion on liability, all damage and injury information, and any offers or demands regarding the settlement. Names of all participants and their relationship to the parties in the mediation shall be disclosed to the mediator in the summary.
- 10.5. If any party filling the summary of the dispute wishes its contents to remain confidential, she/he should advise the mediator in writing at the same time the summary is delivered to the mediator.
- 10.6. Mediation shall be completed within 4 weeks of the first mediation session unless extended by order of the Court upon the request of the parties or the mediator.

#### 11. Attendance in mediation session

- 11.1. If a party is a public entity, that party shall be deemed to appear at a mediation session by the physical presence of:
  - (a) A representative of the party with full authority to negotiate on behalf of the party and to recommend settlement to the appropriate decision-making body; and
  - (b) The party's counsel of record.
- 11.2. Where a juristic person or a firm or a partnership or a company is a party to mediation proceedings such entity must be represented by an official from that juristic person, firm or partnership or company, who must be duly authorized to represent the entity, to conclude a settlement and sign a settlement agreement on behalf of such entity.
- 11.3. With respect to parties who are not public entities, unless otherwise stipulated by all parties or ordered by the Court, a party shall be deemed to appear at a mediation session if all of the following persons are physically present:

- (a) The party or a representative of an insured party having full authority to negotiate on behalf of the party; and
- (b) The party's counsel of record, if any.
- 11.4. If a party fails to appear at mediation session without a good cause, the Court upon motion may impose sanctions against the party failing to appear. Such sanctions may include an assessment against the party failing to appear of the Jabmis' fees and other costs incurred by the other parties in preparing for and attending the mediation session.

#### 12. Roles and functions of mediator

- 12.1. At the commencement of mediation, the mediator must inform the parties of the following:
  - (a) The purpose of mediation and its objective to facilitate settlement between the parties;
  - (b) The mediator's facilitative role as an impartial mediator who cannot make any decisions of fact or law and who cannot determine the credibility of any person participating in the mediation;
  - (c) The inquisitorial nature of such proceedings;
  - (d) The rules governing the mediation;
  - (e) That all discussions and disclosures, whether oral or written, made during mediation are confidential and inadmissible as evidence in any court, tribunal or other forum, unless the discussions and disclosures are recorded in a settlement agreement signed by the parties;
  - (f) That the mediator may during the mediation session encourage the parties to make full disclosure if in the opinion of the mediator such disclosure may facilitate a resolution of the dispute between the parties;

#### Court-Annexed Mediation

- (g) That no party may be compelled to make any disclosure, but a party may make voluntary disclosures with the same protection referred to in Sub-Rule 13.1(e);
- (h) That he or she will assist to draft a settlement agreement if the dispute is resolved; and
- (i) If the dispute is not resolved, the mediator will refer the dispute back to the Court, informing him/her that the dispute could not be resolved.
- 12.2. The mediator may during the course of the mediation, speak privately to one or more of the parties outside the presence of other parties.
- 12.3. The mediator may during the course of the mediation, permit the parties and their counsels to confer privately at any time.
- 12.4. In every mediation the mediator must, within 5 days of the conclusion of the mediation process, submit a report to the Court regarding the outcome of the mediation.
- 12.5. A mediator may postpone a mediation session if the parties agree.
- 12.6. The mediator may adjourn the mediation session at any time and but he/she shall confirm in writing to all parties the date, time, and place of reconvening.

#### 13. Suspension of time limits pending mediation

13.1. The time limits prescribed by the CCPC for any step to be taken by any litigant shall be suspended from the time of issuing of Order of Referral to mediate to the conclusion of the mediation proceedings.

#### 14. Termination of mediation

14.1. Mediation may be terminated on the grounds provided by Section 178 of the ADR Act. mediation may be terminated:

14.2. Upon the motion of any party, the Court may enter an order of termination of the mediation at any time upon showing a good cause.

#### 15. Settlement Agreements

- 15.1. Mediation shall be considered to have been completed only upon the happening of one of the following events:
  - (a) The entry of the parties into a written settlement agreement;
  - (b) Certification by the mediator that the mediation has been concluded without the parties reaching any agreement; or
  - (c) Entry of an order by the Court, upon the motion of any party terminating the mediation upon showing a good cause.
- 15.2. In the event of a settlement being reached, it shall be reduced into writing and signed by each of the parties and the mediator.
- 15.3. Following execution of the written settlement agreement by the parties and the mediator, they shall file a report to the Court (CAM Form-4).
- 15.4. Upon receipt of the report, the Court shall pronounce a written judgment based on the terms, conditions and decisions stipulated in the Settlement Agreement.
- 15.5. The judgment based on the settlement agreement shall be final and binding and no appeal shall lie against it unless the agreement contravenes the laws.

#### 16. Partially settled disputes

16.1. Should any aspect of a dispute between the parties remain unsettled, the unresolved dispute may be litigated upon by the parties.

#### 17. No settlement agreement

- 17.1. If the parties have reached no agreement and the mediator concludes that further mediation would not be likely to result in agreement, they shall complete CAM Form 4 and submit the report to the Court.
- 17.2. Based on the report, the Court shall resume adjudication of the case in accordance with the CCPC.

#### 18. Mediation Fees

18.1. Except for the applicable Court fees, the Court-Annexed Mediation services shall be free of cost (*pro bono*).

#### 19. Confidentiality

- 19.1. All oral and written communications with the mediator at any time, other than executed settlement agreements, shall be deemed confidential and privileged in accordance with Section 169 of the ADR Act.
- 19.2. All such communications shall be exempt from discovery and is inadmissible as evidence in any action or proceeding. However, evidence that is otherwise admissible or subject to discovery does not become inadmissible or protected from discovery solely by reason of its use in a mediation session.
- 19.3. There shall be no stenographic or audio or video recording of the mediation proceedings.

#### 20. Mediator Qualifications

- 20.1. The Court-Annexed Mediation Unit shall maintain a list of mediators who have been trained and certified by the Institute.
- 20.2. The mediator shall comply with such general standards as may be, from time to time, be established and promulgated in writing by the Institute. The Institute may, from time to time, and in consultation with the Supreme Court of Bhutan, revise

these Rules to ensure continued legal education for all courtcertified mediators.

#### 21. Mechanism for Reporting

- 21.1. The Court shall report the number of mediated cases to the Supreme Court and the Institute of the calendar year not later than the first day of January of the next calendar year.
- 21.2. The report shall contain the type of case and the outcomes of the mediation and include:
  - (a) Whether settled;
  - (b) Not settled; or
  - (c) Partially settled.

#### 22. Forms

- 22.1. The following forms shall be used for the Court-Annexed Mediation:
  - (a) CAM-1: Parties Request for Judicial Mediation Form
  - (b) CAM-2: Order of Referral to Mediation Form
  - (c) CAM-3: Consent for Judicial Mediation Form
  - (d) CAM-4: Mediation Report Form
  - (e) CAM-5: Mediation Settlement Agreement Form
  - (f) CAM-6: Mediation Register

#### 23. Evaluation

- 23.1. The Court shall collect information regarding the effectiveness of the mediation program.
- 23.2. To facilitate this activity, mediators shall provide the Jabmis or parties present with evaluation forms at the end of each mediation session.
- 23.3. The Jabmis and/or parties shall complete the forms and return to the Court-Annexed Mediation Unit.
- 23.4. Similarly, mediators shall complete Evaluation Form and submit to the Court-Annexed Mediation Unit after the mediation.
- 23.5. Other forms may be promulgated by the Institute in consultation with the Courts to aid in reporting on or evaluating the mediation process as may be required from time to time.

## म्रुअसुगा हिंदामग्। व्रिस्रका ग्री:यर् दुवःका



# DZONGKHAG COURT THIMPHU

# 🍛 ব্রিঅঝ'অনি'ব্দমেশ্রীদাঝ'অঝ'র্কর্য Court-Annexed Mediation Unit

ह्में अर्थः अद्येत्र द्वाची नायः यद्येः प्रेना 'तृत्या नायं व्यात्र स्वात्र स्वात्र स्वात्र स्वात्र स्वात्र स्व

(3)	चनेब्रःह्रब्रःब्र्स्थःक्षेत्रः	'হ্ৰ'ন'শ্ৰউ্ক্'মন্বি'''''	<u>ন</u> ্থিমশ	ট্টি'বেবুৰ'শনী'দ্ৰী	षमःब्रिके'डुर:रु		
		Ęd	ૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૼૢૣ૾ૢૼૢૼૼ૽ઌઌ <u>ૢ</u> ૺ૽ૡૢૻૺ૱૿	ทร ภ <u>เ</u> พล		ृषः र्देश्चेदःःःः धः/यःश्चेदःःः क्रेदर्वेगःःःः	
******	<u> ह</u> ्रिप्यम्	ଅଶ <sup>.</sup> ପ୍	ग्रह्म	<u>.</u> 29.94.	इरम्देवःर्से य	প.রিমা.বহশ.ভি.মার্	র্থনা
	યત.લી						
₹́5	<del>४</del> ॱ/र्से <b>५</b> ॱह्य		<del>ᡪ</del> ᠵ᠂ᢠᢅᡪᡃᢌᡃ/ᢠᢅᡪ᠍			र्स्/स्. श्रुकाःक्रूकाः	
<b>Ý</b> 5	ৼ <sup>৽</sup> /ৼ৾৲য় ৸ঀ৾৻ড়৾৴৻ড়৾৾৴	••••••	น'/ผาผิ้ร"	•••••	দ্ৰহাজ	ız	गुरखर
•••••	····· যা্⊍্ৰ	••••••	. मेर देंग		<u>É</u> zlaal		এশ
বেশ্ব	7	····· হ'মভশ'মাঞ্জ	শাশ্ৰী'নম্ব' শ্ৰব	<u> </u>			
₹́5	૫ૡું.ૡૢૻૹૹ <u>.</u> ૹ૿૽.ૡ2ૺ <b>ય</b> .	NX:घुण:ब्रे <sup>:</sup> श्रे:कें	l		14.915(2.14)	तर्ज्यामी'मान्याम	.श्र्व.की.पात्र्य.
বর্	৸'য়ঽয়'ঀৢ৾য়য়' <sub>ঀ৹ৢৢঀ</sub>	उत्रायायाः र्वेतः क्व	.१७५ य.हेर. ह	અઅ·ત2ે <b>ય</b> .ક્રીઅ.	ৼৢ৾৾ৼঀ৾৾য়ৢৼৼৼ৾য়৾ঢ়৾৽য়	ঘন ইঁৰ দৈঁ ৰ- ম- বুল	णबाहें र्हें
	प्रदेश.पञ्चाबी.बी.ष्टान						
এঝ	্ট্রপশ.প্রশ্নপ.পুশ.	रे खेद. चगवः	.बाबर.ह्रे. चगाद.ह्	देव:चक्कुट:मावट:(	ત્રુ' ગ' અહિં ત' અહિં ત	विशःग्ववशःर्थेः	
	2	 મતુ.કૃષ		n. ड्री.क्र् <sub>या</sub>		र्ज. त्रैग्र.चश्र्य.	
				-			ধুথা

# ह्रेससुम्। ह्रेससुम्।



#### DZONGKHAG COURT THIMPHU

# 🍛 শ্রিমঝামনির্বাসমীশামামার্করা Court-Annexed Mediation Unit

M. 92	M. 2C.	<b>₹</b> 7.ॿ[
श्रद.		
र्षे/र्षे		
શુૈબ.થૂન.		
શુ.ર્ધિન્દ્રમ.जच.खु.म.ભर.		
<b>ಸ.</b> /ಶ.ಶ್ರ್ರ.		
রেপ্র.প্রেম.		
กุรพร:		
चार्लेख.		
में ५ व्यंग		
€्रायमा.		
লশ.বেমার.		
मैंच.शु\ट्र.ष्ट्च.		

## ह्रेस्यम् ख्रिस्य ग्री: तर् द्वार्या हिरायम् ख्रिस्य ग्री: तर् द्वार्या



#### DZONGKHAG COURT THIMPHU

## ভা ট্রিমন্থ মনের ব্দরেশ্রীবান্থ এন রের Court-Annexed Mediation Unit

ब्रह्मसम्बद्धाः मृत्यक्षेत्रम्यः स्वतः व्यवस्य स्वतः स्वतः

### दरप्रमीम्बरप्रचर् देविष्यकाचेत्र

- वस्त्रज्ञीयात्राच्यात्रक्ष्यात्र्यात्र्यात्रक्षयात्राच्यात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रक्षयात्रव्यव्यव्यव्यव्यव्यव्यव्यव्यव्य
- कु.पर्ययेश्वरः स्रियःकुरेस्रुःस्वर्ग्ययुःश्वर। ४) ष्रदायज्ञात्राकाःकु.ज्ञ्चरायह्र्यमान्द्र्यसानर्भेरःस्रेयमान्नैदायपुःकुर्यत्राष्ट्रस्य कुरस्रुणःतमानायान्यस्य
- 4) त्रिमा स्टार में प्राप्त के प्रत्ये प्राप्त का प्रत्ये प्राप्त का प्रत्ये प्रत्ये
- र्गास्त्रपटाराम् विमालस्था प्रमालस्था स्थाप्त स्थाप्त

यटत्वचुंचीन्नात्वर्यः कुंचाक्यः जुष्यः स्वायः प्रत्यः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः व मूर्यान्यात्वायः विश्वः कुंचाः कुं क्षाः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः विश्वः

र्डेन् ऱ्र/कुन 'बेदे' बेन् ऱ्ह्रगथा	ફ્રેંન્'ੜ્ચ/ક્યુન'શ્રેલે'શ્રેન્ફ્રનથા
શું ઢેંચવા	ક્રું ઢેંચવા

# ह्रेट्यमा'ख्रेसस'ग्री'यर्दुब्र'स्| ह्रेससुगा



# DZONGKHAG COURT THIMPHU

# প্র প্রথম মন্ত্রের মন্ত্রীনাম থেম করা

Court-Annexed Med	liation Unit
\$ <b>4</b> · <b>B</b> · <b>W</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ଞ୍ଚିଷ୍ୟ ଅନି: বৃদ্দেশ্রীশৃষ্ণ দেখ্রী:র্পৃশ্ব দেখ়ীশৃষ্ণ স্কৃষ্ণ ଜ্যু বৃদ্দেশ্রীশৃষ্ণ স্কৃষ্ণ জ্যু
चित्रहाह्मदार्थियाकृतिद्वाचाम्बर्धिन्यते	
ઌૢૻઌઌ૽૽ૺૹ૾૽ૡૺૡૺૹઌ૱ઌૢઌૺૺ ૡઌ૱૽૱ૡઌૢ૱ૺ૱૱ૡ૱ઌઌઌઌ ૡઌ૱૽૱ૡઌૢઌૢ૱ૡૡૺૺ૱ૡઌૺૺૺૺૺૺઌઌૢઌૺૺૺઌૺૺૺૺૺઌઌૢૺઌૺૺૺૺઌૺૺૺ	<ul><li>- १ के मान्य निवास के अपने के मान्य के</li></ul>
ग <sup>े</sup> रे ₹२ॐगा	
🔲 बरत्यज्ञीन्थःर्षेर्यः हॅम्बशःशुराः स्रेःबरत्यज्ञीन्यः नाबःषीः	<b>ગ</b> ઃ લેસસઃસ <b>રઃ</b> ધુભઃર્ખેડ્
चीतःषःर्ष्ण्येषःसदःयोषट्रेत्यःर्षः व्रिष्णयःष्ययः।यशःर	
ष्टादग्रीम्थाः अः ग्रीन।	
य े श्चे क्रेंक्श લશ વરત્વી વસ क्रेंचेश श्चरत्वी वस क्रेंचिश श्चरत्वी वस क्रेंचिश श्चरत्वी व	৷ॡ৾ঀৢয়ৼৢঀ <sup>ৢ</sup> ঢ়ঽৼৣ৾ঀয়ৼৣ৾ঀ ৻৻৻ঀয়৻ঢ় ৻ঀৣঀয়৻ঢ়

ग े बरायश्चीम्बाश्ची र्शेबायहँ बर	૧.ઋંત્રજ્ઞ. યોવેલ.યોજાળ.ಫ಼રી.શુ.દ્વ	·র্চ্ <i>য</i> ীঝ'নডের'ঝ২'ফ	गर् <del>ठे</del> ण्य प्यॅन्।
<b>े र्हे</b> र् स्वे कुच स्री	ं <b>३ँ</b> ५:त्तुवै:कुव:बी	<b> ∰</b> ₹Ţ₹ŢŢ₹	5周
🔲 স্ত'শব'শ্ৰী'ৰ্ন'ৰ্কব'ৰ্ক্ষণ			
		••••••	
लेख'माद्रख'र्चे'''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	૽૽૽ૻ૽૽૽૽૽૽ૣ૽૽૽૽ૻૻ <sup>ૻ</sup> ૻૻઌ૽ૺૼૺઌ૽ૼૺૺૺૺૺૺ૾૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽૽	બુંતશ.	શું જેયવું
સુતા			
₹\\$		¥5;	<u> </u>
<b>₹</b> 5.₹₽₹₫₽		₹ <u></u> 5	<u> </u>
₹5.£७.₽०.9		<b>₹</b> 5	<u>ਭੂਟ-ਸੂ</u> ਧ-ਕੀ

र्वावरः उच्चिमान्या रे

# ह्र्यम्बा ख्रिस्य ग्री त्र तुत्र स्वा



#### DZONGKHAG COURT THIMPHU

# 🍛 শ্রিমঝামনৈর্বারমীশাঝামার্করা Court-Annexed Mediation Unit

ন্ত্রীমমান্দরিক্রমান্দরিক্রীন্ত্রীন্ত্রানান্দরিক্রা ক্রমেন্দ্রীনান্দরিক্রা

### ব্দ্যেশ্রীশৃশ্ব শার্

3	जी	· ᠯᠵ᠍	. नद.क्र्य	जीयश. ह	ફ્ર <del>ે</del> .ક્ર્યું અ	••••••
	 त्रुः स्टार्थ	ุนๆ'	ఇ.చాడాడు. క్ర	त्रिट्रॉबा गुणु स्थिट		
55.						
	.શ્વસ.વેદ.તરદ્યોનાશ.દ્યીવ.તરદુતાવે.ત્યાને. નાં જાશ. દ્રફ્રીંચે.તર્મા.તલીસ.લાટ ફ્રિટાલનો	 ७     गुद्द5र्देद''''			 इ.स. ट्रंसेट	¥¥×:
′ (				1		
,						
دك	यड्डे.ब्रुर.प्ययरे.व.ब्रुयोश.क्रुर.पपुर.योथर.ड्रे २८. योथ.लुबो.पर्ट.बर्व्यरे.पपुर.योथर.ट्रें इ.सर्व.चर.वे. व्य.प्यच्य.पड्डिंट्य.व.वा.योर्ट्रे	त्रः यार्हेग्रयः व	रित्युंग्रीग्रह्मां श्रींश्रादाई	নহ'র্নু ব'র্কু' ন বৈশংস্কৃতকালে	ไชะเลิ.चख्यो. หือเกะ	}म्ज.मी. देम्रीस्न.
۳٦	ग्राम् त्रहेष्यं त्रम् अद्ययः मृधमः मृत्यह्रम् । त्रहे	र्हेट्लोव्याययः	য়য়ৄ৾য়৸ঀয়য়য়	ા <sup>.</sup> ગ્રી.તર્ટથ.ત્વર.	अर्घे महुग्र	ાલુ ફે

इ.सर्.जी. वाय.यहूच.यर्नुयु.वायर्न्य.क्र्यं.केवा.क्रे. व्य.चर्न्यरका.ह्वाया.ह्यं.त्र्यरत्यात्वयः इ.सर्.वयायन्यरः व्	
त्यात्र-वाष्ट्रका.कृता.कृ.जी.द्रका.जाव.ची.ता.ता.क्षा. वाष्ट्रका.चाट.जुवा.जका.यवाजा.तयु.द्रका.ता.चे.ट.कृ. ह्वेशका.की.ट्रांट्र	⋪.
र्ने ब न्यति । स्व मा स्व ने प्रति क्षु ते मा ब प्रदेश नि	
•	

र्वरःयज्ञीग्रस्यो र्

# म्ब्रिस्या क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य क्षेत्रस्य



#### DZONGKHAG COURT THIMPHU

# ঙ ব্রিধন্থ মনের দমন্ত্রী দ্বান্থ থেন ঠেবা Court-Annexed Mediation Unit

দ্রীঅমান্সার্টার্ক্ বিদ্যান্ত্রী ব্যক্ষার্থ বেল্লী ব্যক্ষার্থ বিশ্বরী বিশ্বর

र्चे'चर्गे[ <b>५</b> '७५ग/	हीु:क्रेब ईन्:पहुब्र:लटः/	<b>₹</b> 5`	<b>ड</b>	<b>₹</b> 5	養气調 (45°年)		<b>養行副</b> <b>※55</b> 養初		¥5'Šā!		<b>ब</b> रःवर्षीयाशःसुचः/
ક્ <u>યુ</u> ે.ક્ર્ય	श्रु.क्र्य	શુંદ.મોન્નળી	[전:편도]	<u>শ্বন্থ</u>	ਕ.ਬੰਟੀ	91191	ब्र:ग्रुप				

(22,25,41)